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The effect of high-end mobile phones using. High-end mobile phones have become common in many industries such as financial business. They are used as a common communication device in many processes such as banking, accounting and even business use. A slew of advanced equipment and signal processing facilities in the larger institutions and corporate IT environment has resulted in the digital version of this field of invention. The development of smartphones is driven by the increasing need for users to interact in real-time for activities such as online shopping, online banking, and payment via social media. The term smartphone was pioneered by Apple Inc. in 2007 and later by Samsung Electronics. Android, and have been extensions to standard smartphones that add functions that make them more suitable for the marketing of a range of electronics products. Digital SLR cameras and interchangeable lenses have become widespread, as have solid-state digital cameras in entry-level models, and the increase in their size and image quality has seen their adoption increase in smaller and less expensive smartphones, and even a basic "point and shoot" camera. Lens A camera lens is a component in a camera system (see also camera lens) that creates an image of a scene on film or an electronic sensor. The objective lens, or main lens, is often referred to simply as the lens. It is the first element of a lens system, receiving and focusing the light collected by the viewfinder or on the image sensor (See also optical system#Modern). A zoom lens is one that has the ability to change the effective focal length of the image capture lens. The zoom system may include a zoom ring, zoom lever or trigger. Hardware The hardware of a camera consists of the lens system, the shutter, the image sensor, the film or electronic image receptors, and the case or housing in which the lens system, sensor, and other components are located and protected. Examples of the lens system are: front- or rear-focus manual zoom lenses, fixed-focus fixed focal length lenses, fixed-focus lenses with variable focal length, true zoom lenses, and reverse-geometry zoom lenses. Some systems consist only of the lens and image receptor, but older cameras that do not have viewfinders also have systems that use the rear of the camera body as an electronic viewfinder. Modern digital cameras have been made fully interchangeable between several different camera bodies and lens systems through the use of a standardized digital interface, typically either serial or parallel. LED light sources

